

# KAMERŪNA-2021.GADS



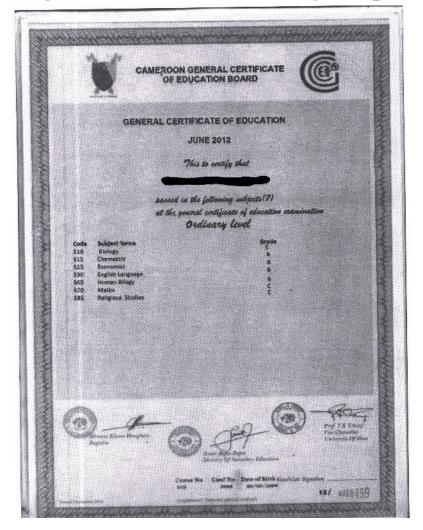
Irina Egliena

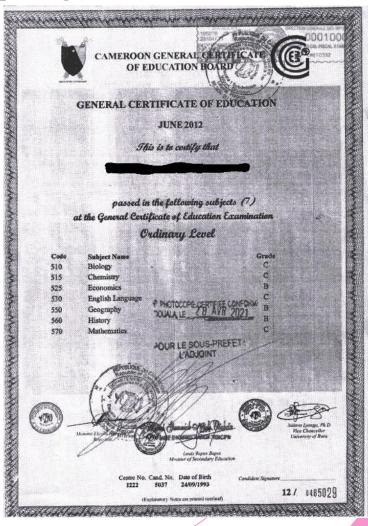
# Āfrikas valstis pēc saņemto izglītības dokumentu skaita (dilstošā secībā):

- Kamerūna
- Nigērija
- Gvinejas Republika
- Gana
- Kongo Demokrātiskā Republika
- Maroka
- Sjerraleone, Dienvidāfrikas Republika, Kenijas Republika, Togo Republika
- Ugandas Republika, Kongo Republika, Zimbabves Republika
- Zambijas Republika, Ruandas Republika, Kotdivuāra

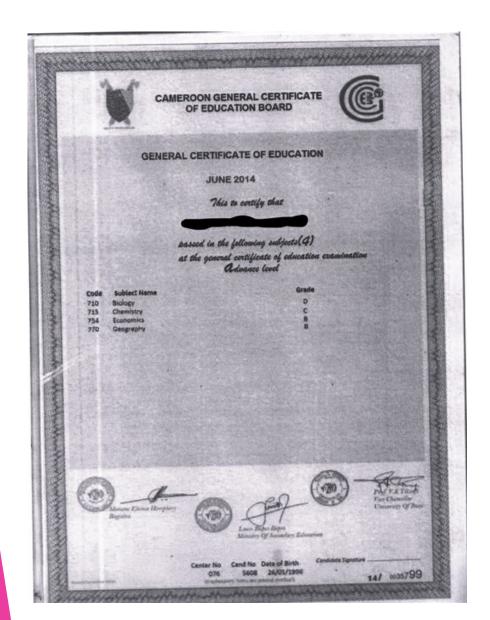
## KAMERŪNA: eksistējošās problēmas

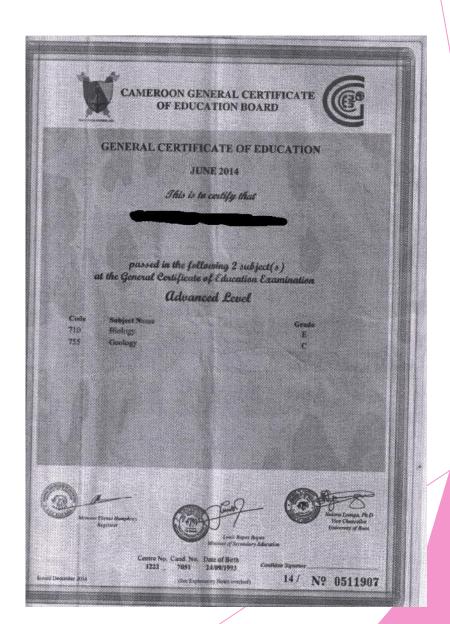
▶ Izglītības dokumenti ar viltojuma pazīmēm (1. paraugs)



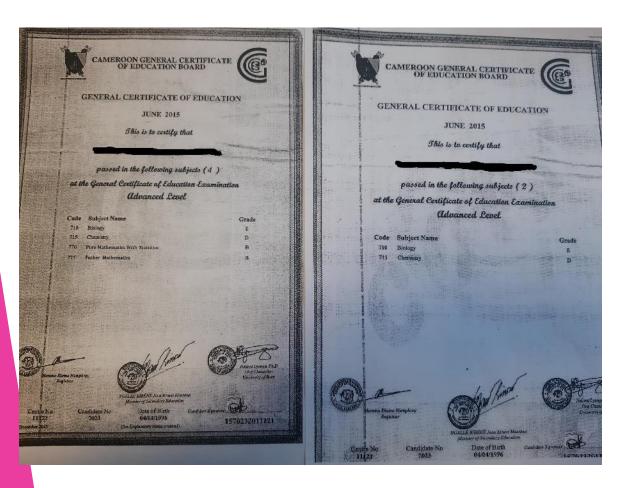


#### Izglītības dokumenti ar viltojuma pazīmēm (2. paraugs)



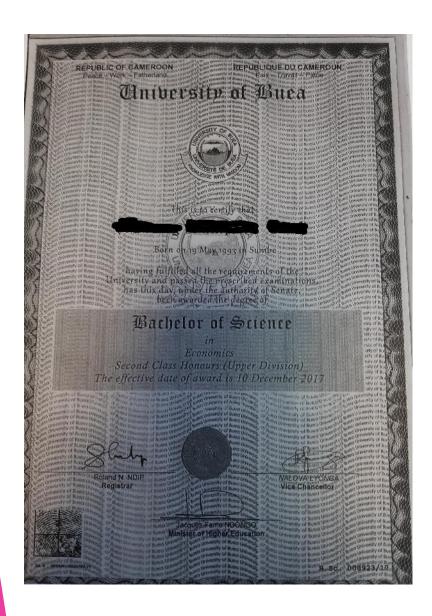


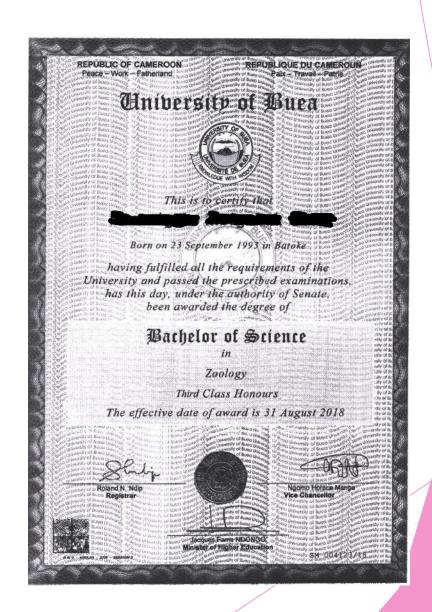
#### Izglītības dokumenti ar viltojuma pazīmēm (3. paraugs)



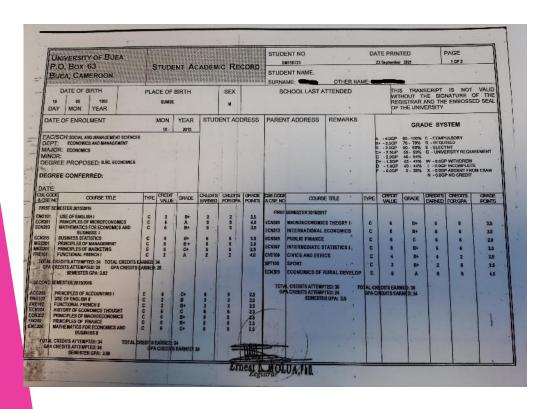


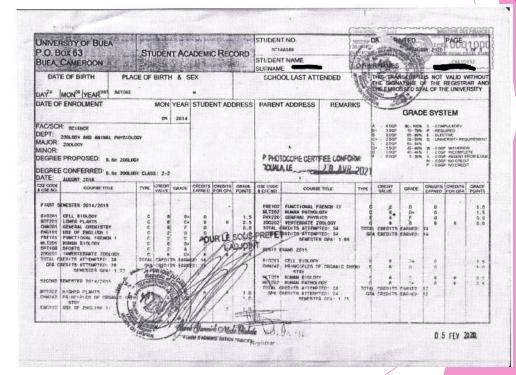
#### Izglītības dokumenti ar viltojuma pazīmēm (4. paraugs)





#### Izglītības dokumenti ar viltojuma pazīmēm (5. paraugs)





#### **KORUPCIJA**

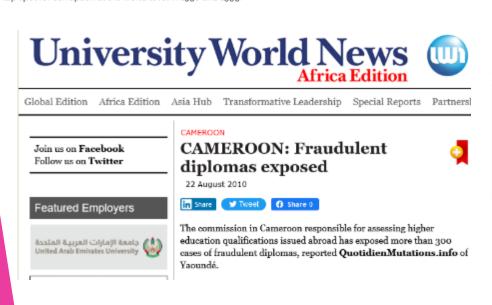




(Business in Cameroon) - According to the world corruption perception index in 2015, through which NGO Transparency International ranked 167 countries, Cameroon landed the 34th spot in Africa, and 13oth at the global level. Thus, the country is in the top 40 of the most corrupted countries in the world.

Compared to end of the 90's. Cameroon has really progressed in this ranking, which had twice seen Cameroon take the top spot for corruption at the world level in 1998 and 1999.







department, accused of various fraudulent actions.

Barely two months after her appointment as Minister of Secondary Education, Pauline Nalova Lyonga has just exercised a vibrant action against officials of her

In a decision taken on April 27 and made public last Thursday, the Minister has, in effect, decided to suspend 11 teachers from high schools, a delegate of secondary education and a senior staff member.

The decision concerns in particular the head teacher of the Ombessa high school in the Mbam and Inoubou division, the Director of the Elig Nkouma secondary school, the General Supervisor and Director of the Montatélé high school in the Léklé division. In the Northern regions, the General Supervisor of Mozogo High School in the Mayo Tsanaga Division (Far North Region), and Oumarou Guliva, the Principal of Guider High School (Northern Region) accused of public morality infringement public, has also been suspended. The duration of these suspensions has not been

#### POLITISKAIS STĀVOKLIS

### From peaceful protests to war: The evolution of Cameroon's Anglophone conflict

A separatist crisis that began five years ago in Anglophone Cameroon has spiraled into unmitigated violence. The UN says a humanitarian catastrophe is on the horizon — but the key players aren't willing to compromise.

Over the past five years, the English-speaking regions of Cameroon have rapidly morphed into a war zone. Lives have been lost, properties have been destroyed, and the humanitarian crisis continues to intensify.

In its latest report, the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) highlighted the impact on education: "Since the beginning of the crisis in 2016, education has been highly affected. Many schools have closed to avoid frequent attacks against education facilities. Teachers and students have been attacked, kidnapped, threatened, and killed. In 2021, more than 700,000 children are deprived of education in the north-west and south-west regions."



Cameroon: Bomb attack in University of Buea injures at least 11 students

# Cameroon's Anglophone Crisis at the Crossroads New Dealer 20th, process and makes white desert the destruction resolved tribut cross and the crossress contributed to the contributed to the contributed to the contributed tributed to the contributed tributed tributed to the contributed tributed tributed to the contributed tributed trib

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Cameroon: Armed Separatists' Attack on Education

Address Shocking Tall on Students, Teachers, Schools

## Separatists' attacks in Cameroon 'devastating' for education: HRW

Human Rights Watch report documents dozens of education-related attacks in conflict-hit Anglophone regions.

Separatist fighters in Cameroon have carried out systematic and <u>widespread attacks</u> against students and teachers in the country's conflict-hit Anglophone regions, with a "devastating impact" on children's right to education, according to a new report by a global rights watchdog.

Released on Thursday, the 131-page report from Human Rights Watch (HRW) said separatist groups in the English-speaking northwest and southwest regions since 2017 have killed, beaten, abducted, threatened and terrorised students and education professionals.

It documented in detail 15 attacks during which separatist fighters ordered <u>schools</u> <u>closed and destroyed</u> school infrastructure and property. According to the World Bank, at least 70 schools have been attacked since 2017.



#### IZGLĪTĪBAS KVALITĀTE

- ► Izglītības finansējums
- ▶ Diskriminācija
- Skolu materiāli tehniskais nodrošinājums
- Labi sagatavotu skolotāju trukums
- Loti teorētiskā sagatavotība skolās



#### Paldies par uzmanību!

Ja jums rodas jebkādi jautājumi, tad droši rakstiet uz <u>irina.egliena@aic.lv</u>

